The \texttt{xltxtra} package

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Contents

1 Introduction 1
  1.1 Usage 1

2 Features 2
  2.1 \textsuperscript and \textsubscript 2
  2.2 Logos 2
  2.3 Vulgar fractions 3
  2.4 Named glyphs 3
  2.5 The \texttt{showhyphens} command 4

I The \texttt{xltxtra} package 5

3 Logos 5

4 Subscript and superscript 6

5 Assorted commands 7

1 Introduction

This document describes the \texttt{xltxtra} package. It implements some odds-and-ends features when using the XƎL\LaTeX\ format.

1.1 Usage

Easy: \texttt{\usepackage{xltxtra}}. This package automatically loads the following packages: \texttt{fontspec}, \texttt{realscripts}, \texttt{metalogo}.

There are some package options to disable various functionality that could clash with other things:

1
no-sscript Swaps the definitions of \textsubscript and \textsuperscript with their respective starred versions, as described in section §2.1.

no-logos Disables the redefinition of \TeX, etc. described in section §2.2, but does still define the \XeTeX and \XeLaTeX logo commands.

2 Features

2.1 \textsuperscript and \textsubscript

This functionality is achieved through loading the realscripts package.

These two macros have been redefined to take advantage, if possible, of actual superior or inferior glyphs in the main document font. This is very important for high-quality typesetting — compare this first example to the third; yes, they are the same font.

\textsuperscript{abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890} \textsubscript{abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890}

But will fall back on ‘faked’ ones if they don’t exist: (this is Didot)

\textsuperscript{abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890} \textsubscript{abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890}

The original definitions are available in starred versions of the commands:

\textsuperscript*{abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890} \textsubscript*{abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890}

But beware fonts lacking the full repertoire: (this is Adobe Jenson Pro)

\textsuperscript{abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890} \textsubscript{abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz1234567890}

The [no-sscript] package option will swap the definitions of the starred and non-starred versions of the commands described above if the new definitions are undesirable.

The macros \realsubscript, \realsuperscript, \fakesubscript, and \fakesuperscript may be used to access the ‘new’ and ‘old’ functionalities regardless of the [no-sscript] package option.

2.2 Logos

This part of the package essentially exists to define the \XeTeX and \XeLaTeX logos, which need to be tuned according to the font that is used. Originally I had some hard-coded definitions in here, but Andrew Moschou’s metalogo package now provides a much more flexible and useful interface to a variety of \TeX-related logos.

Here are some examples. The default:
Notice that it’s a bit tight when not using Computer Modern, for which the logos were designed:

These logos, ideally, should be hand-tuned for each font that they’re used in. Please refer to the `metalogo` documentation for more information.

The `[no-logos]` package option will not redefine \TeX or \LaTeX but will still define \XeTeX and \XeLaTeX.

2.3 Vulgar fractions

The \texttt{\vfrac} command for setting ‘vulgar’ fractions based on AAT or OpenType font features. Not really recommended for many purposes, depending on your text, but it’s a good example of how to program such things using fontspec.

\begin{verbatim}
AAT: \texttt{\vfrac{123}{456}}
ICU: \texttt{\vfrac{\textquotesingle{123}}{\textquotesingle{456}}}
\end{verbatim}

(This can also be achieved in regular \LaTeX with either the \texttt{nicefrac} or \texttt{xfrac} package.)

Only use it when you know it will work; no warnings are given if the font doesn’t support the necessary features.

2.4 Named glyphs

Along the way somewhere, \texttt{Xe\TeX} added support for selecting glyphs from a TrueType-based OpenType font based on their internal glyph name. Jonathan Kew posted the following definition as a nice interface to it.

\begin{verbatim}
\texttt{\namedglyph{yen}}
\namedglyph{smile}
\end{verbatim}
2.5 The `\showhyphens` command

The default definition doesn’t work in XeTeX. A new version, written by Enrico Gregorio, is included in this package that does work; note that the syntax now matches plain TeX’s original rather than the comma-list approach taken by an earlier version of this package.
The `xltxtra` package

This is the package implementation.

\ProvidesPackage{xltxtra} \[2016/01/21 v0.6 Improvements for the "XeLaTeX" format\]

Not for \LaTeX\!

\RequirePackage{ifluatex}
\ifluatex
\PackageWarningNoLine {xltxtra} {\^^J
XLTXTRA IS TO BE USED ONLY UNDER XETEX.
LOAD FONTSPEC DIRECTLY, INSTEAD.\^^J
ABORTING LOADING%}
\}
\RequirePackage{fontspec}
\expandafter \endinput
\fi

Required packages

\RequirePackage{ifxetex}
\RequireXeTeX
\RequirePackage{fontspec}
\RequirePackage{realscripts}

Option processing

\newif\if@xxt@noscript@
\newif\if@xxt@nologos@
\DeclareOption{no-sscript}{\@xxt@noscript@true}
\DeclareOption{no-logos}{\@xxt@nologos@true}
\ProcessOptions*

3 Logos

\LaTeX\!
\setlogokern, \setlogodrop, etc. Refer to mathspec’s documentation for further details.
The \texttt{[no-logos]} package option might be in effect, in which case \TeX, \LaTeX and \LaTeXe should keep their original definitions (which were saved by \texttt{metalogo}).

\begin{verbatim}
\if@xxt@nologos@
  \let\TeX\original@TeX
  \let\LaTeX\original@LaTeX
  \let\LaTeXe\original@LaTeXe
\fi
\end{verbatim}

This macro is now deprecated. It is recommended to use the commands from \texttt{metalogo}.

These commands are either defined to create fake or real sub-/super-scripts if they are starred or not, respectively. This swaps if the \texttt{[no-sscript]} package option is in effect. Text subscripts:

\begin{verbatim}
\textsubscript\textsubscript*
\end{verbatim}
5 Assorted commands

\textfrac #1: Numerator
#2: Denominator

No error checking is done to ensure that the font actually has the necessary features. Requires the xunicode package for \textfractionsolidus.

\ExplSyntaxOn
\newcommand*{\vfrac}[2]{
  \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF
  {\fontspec_if_opentype:TF
    {\addfontfeature{VerticalPosition=Numerator}#1}
    \textfractionsolidus
    {\addfontfeature{VerticalPosition=Denominator}#2}
  }
  {
    {\addfontfeature{VerticalPosition=Superior}#1}
    \textfractionsolidus
    {\addfontfeature{VerticalPosition=Inferior}#2}
  }
}
\ExplSyntaxOff

\namedglyph #1: Name of the font glyph to be typeset

\newcommand{\namedglyph}[1]{%
  \@tempcnta=\XeTeXglyphindex "#1"\relax
  \ifnum\@tempcnta>0
    \XeTeXglyph\@tempcnta
  \else
    \xxt@namedglyph@fallback{#1}%
  \fi}
\xxt\namedglyph@fallback

Redefine this macro to change how glyph names that aren’t found get typeset.
\newcommand\xxt\namedglyph@fallback[1][1]

\showhyphens

Courtesy egreg.
\ExplSyntaxOn
\seq_new:N \l__xetex_showhyphens_seq
\box_new:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_wrapping_box
\box_new:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_temp_box
\box_new:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_final_box
\box_new:N \g__xetex_show_hyphens_word_box
\cs_new_protected:Npn \xetex_show_hyphens:n #1
\{\
\box_clear:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_final_box\n% split the input into items
\seq_set_split:Nnn \l__xetex_showhyphens_seq { ~ } { #1 }\n% hyphenate all items
\seq_map_function:NN \l__xetex_showhyphens_seq \xetex_hyphenate_word:n
% set a box to the maximum dimension to force an Underfull \hbox warning
\hbox_set_to_wd:Nnn \l__xetex_show_hyphens_final_box { \c_max_dim }\n\{\n\hbox_unpack_clear:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_final_box\n\}
\%
\cs_new_protected:Npn \xetex_hyphenate_word:n #1
\{\n\vbox_set:Nn \l__xetex_show_hyphens_wrapping_box\{% build a paragraph with the word with a very narrow line width
\dim_set:Nn \hsize { 1sp }\n% disregard spurious messages
\hbadness = \c_ten_thousand
\dim_set:Nn \hfuzz { \c_max_dim }\n% clear possible values of \everypar and other parameters
\everypar={}\n\skip_set:Nn \leftskip { 0pt }\n\skip_set_eq:NN \rightskip \leftskip\n% skip the first step
\pretolerance = \c_minus_one\n% avoid the indentation and add a skip to allow hyphenation
\noindent\n\skip_horizontal:n { 0pt }\n\par\n\hbox_gset:Nn \g__xetex_show_hyphens_word_box {}\n% start a recursion to dismantle the paragraph just built
\xetex_show_hyphens_split:
% the result is put into \g__xetex_show_hyphens_word_box
%
% add the box to the final container
\hbox_set:Nn \l__xetex_show_hyphens_final_box
{
  \hbox_unpack_clear:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_final_box
  \hbox_unpack_clear:N \g__xetex_show_hyphens_word_box
}

\cs_new_protected:Npn \xetex_show_hyphens_split:
{
\unskip % remove the interline glue
\unpenalty % remove possible penalties
% get the last line
\box_set_to_last:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_temp_box
\box_if_empty:NF \l__xetex_show_hyphens_temp_box
{% if there is a last line unpack it into a container
  \hbox_gset:Nn \g__xetex_show_hyphens_word_box
  {% the order is last to first
    \hbox_unpack_clear:N \l__xetex_show_hyphens_temp_box
    \unskip\unskip % remove spaces
    \hbox_unpack_clear:N \g__xetex_show_hyphens_word_box
  }
%
% restart the recursion
\xetex_show_hyphens_split:
}
}

\cs_set_eq:NN \showhyphens \xetex_show_hyphens:n
\ExplSyntaxOff